



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 3, 2024 – 04:11 am GMT

PDB ID : 6FIH  
Title : Crystal structure of the ANX2 ectodomain from Arabidopsis thaliana  
Authors : Santiago, J.  
Deposited on : 2018-01-18  
Resolution : 1.08 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 3.0  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
CCP4 : 9.0.003 (Gargrove)  
Density-Fitness : 1.0.11  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

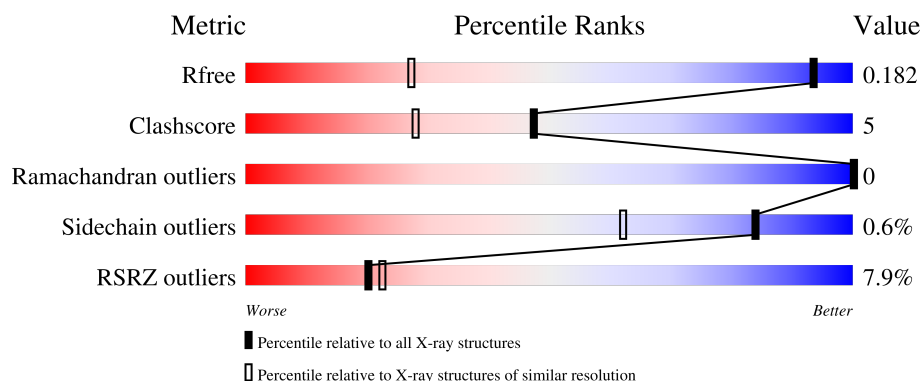
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.08 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	164625	1502 (1.10-1.06)
Clashscore	180529	1658 (1.10-1.06)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1614 (1.10-1.06)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1611 (1.10-1.06)
RSRZ outliers	164620	1502 (1.10-1.06)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	412	<div> <div>7%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>83%</div> <div>9%</div> <div>8%</div> </div> </div>
2	B	3	<div> <div>100%</div> </div>
3	C	2	<div> <div>50%</div> <div>50%</div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
6	EDO	A	511	-	-	X	-

## 2 Entry composition

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3574 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

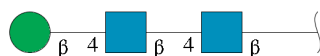
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Receptor-like protein kinase ANXUR2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	379	3028	1939	492	581	16	0	16	0

There are 7 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	432	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q3E8W4
A	433	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q3E8W4
A	434	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q3E8W4
A	435	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q3E8W4
A	436	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP Q3E8W4
A	437	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP Q3E8W4
A	438	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP Q3E8W4

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
2	B	3	39	22	2	15	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.

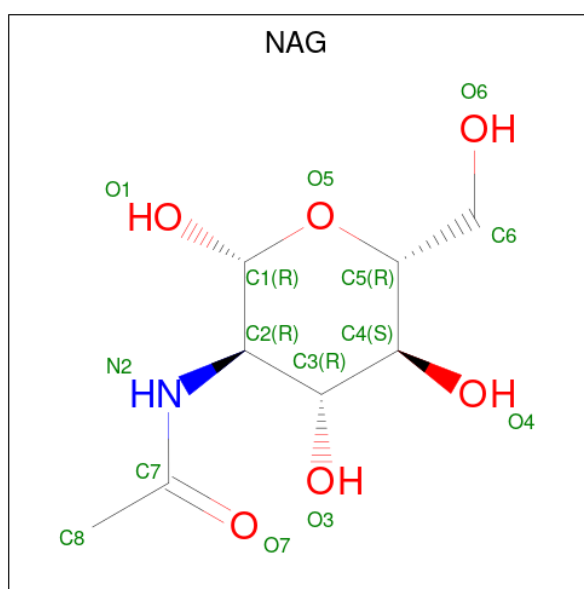


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	C	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			28	16	2	10			

- Molecule 4 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	2	Total	Ca	0	0
			2	2		

- Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>15</sub>NO<sub>6</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 6 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula: C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O<sub>2</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		
6	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		
6	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		
6	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		

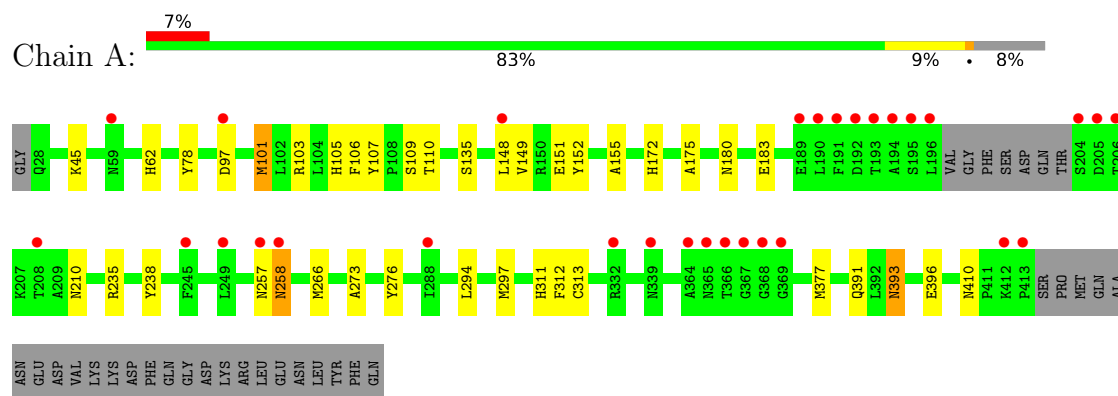
- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	433	Total	O	0	0
			433	433		

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Receptor-like protein kinase ANXUR2



- Molecule 2: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	123.57Å 41.77Å 93.37Å 90.00° 117.37° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	44.29 – 1.08 44.29 – 1.08	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	96.1 (44.29-1.08) 96.1 (44.29-1.08)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.04	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.36 (at 1.08Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0189	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.159 , 0.183 0.159 , 0.182	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	8689 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	14.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.289	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.34 , 41.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	3574	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	24.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.08% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, NAG, EDO, BMA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.65	1/3148 (0.0%)	0.85	6/4282 (0.1%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	97	ASP	CG-OD1	6.86	1.41	1.25

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	266	MET	CG-SD-CE	-12.17	80.73	100.20
1	A	235	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.47	116.06	120.30
1	A	101[A]	MET	CG-SD-CE	7.22	111.75	100.20
1	A	101[B]	MET	CG-SD-CE	7.22	111.75	100.20
1	A	103	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.24	117.68	120.30
1	A	235	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.20	122.90	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3028	0	2989	33	0

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	39	0	34	0	0
3	C	28	0	25	0	0
4	A	2	0	0	0	0
5	A	28	0	26	0	0
6	A	16	0	24	7	0
7	A	433	0	0	5	0
All	All	3574	0	3098	34	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (34) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:45:LYS:HE2	7:A:615:HOH:O	1.73	0.88
1:A:148:LEU:HB2	6:A:511:EDO:H11	1.55	0.88
1:A:294:LEU:HD23	1:A:377[B]:MET:HE2	1.62	0.80
1:A:101[B]:MET:SD	1:A:151:GLU:CG	2.75	0.74
1:A:101[B]:MET:SD	1:A:152:TYR:O	2.46	0.72
1:A:101[B]:MET:SD	1:A:151:GLU:HG3	2.32	0.69
1:A:149:VAL:H	6:A:511:EDO:C2	2.06	0.67
1:A:135:SER:H	1:A:410:ASN:HD21	1.42	0.65
1:A:257:ASN:HB3	7:A:922:HOH:O	1.98	0.64
1:A:45:LYS:CE	7:A:615:HOH:O	2.41	0.63
1:A:78:TYR:OH	1:A:105:HIS:HD2	1.83	0.61
1:A:273:ALA:H	6:A:512:EDO:C2	2.15	0.59
1:A:107:TYR:H	1:A:180:ASN:ND2	1.99	0.59
1:A:101[B]:MET:SD	1:A:151:GLU:HG2	2.42	0.58
1:A:257:ASN:O	1:A:258:ASN:ND2	2.37	0.55
1:A:311:HIS:HE1	1:A:396:GLU:OE1	1.91	0.53
1:A:148:LEU:HA	6:A:511:EDO:H21	1.91	0.53
1:A:135:SER:H	1:A:410:ASN:ND2	2.07	0.52
1:A:276:TYR:OH	1:A:311:HIS:HD2	1.93	0.51
1:A:149:VAL:H	6:A:511:EDO:H21	1.76	0.50
1:A:105:HIS:HE1	1:A:183:GLU:OE1	1.93	0.50
1:A:238:TYR:HB3	6:A:510:EDO:H21	1.93	0.49
1:A:62:HIS:HE1	7:A:945:HOH:O	1.98	0.46
1:A:294:LEU:HD23	1:A:377[B]:MET:CE	2.39	0.46
1:A:155:ALA:H	1:A:210:ASN:ND2	2.13	0.45
1:A:312:PHE:HA	1:A:393:ASN:ND2	2.32	0.44
1:A:106:PHE:HA	1:A:180:ASN:HD22	1.82	0.44

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:172:HIS:HB2	1:A:175:ALA:HB2	1.99	0.43
1:A:109[B]:SER:OG	1:A:110:THR:N	2.50	0.43
1:A:148:LEU:C	1:A:148:LEU:HD12	2.40	0.42
6:A:513:EDO:H11	7:A:951:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:391:GLN:HE21	1:A:393:ASN:HD21	1.66	0.42
1:A:313:CYS:H	1:A:393:ASN:ND2	2.17	0.42
1:A:297[A]:MET:HE3	1:A:297[A]:MET:HB2	1.74	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	391/412 (95%)	387 (99%)	4 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	339/354 (96%)	337 (99%)	2 (1%)	84	62

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	258	ASN
1	A	393	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (7) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	105	HIS
1	A	180	ASN
1	A	210	ASN
1	A	311	HIS
1	A	335	GLN
1	A	393	ASN
1	A	410	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

5 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	NAG	B	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.77	0	17,19,21	1.34	2 (11%)
2	NAG	B	2	2	14,14,15	0.49	0	17,19,21	1.09	1 (5%)
2	BMA	B	3	2	11,11,12	0.70	0	15,15,17	1.06	1 (6%)
3	NAG	C	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.62	0	17,19,21	1.56	3 (17%)
3	NAG	C	2	3	14,14,15	0.38	0	17,19,21	0.73	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	B	1	2,1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	B	3	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	C	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-4.22	104.83	111.02
2	B	2	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-3.01	106.61	111.02
2	B	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-2.75	106.99	111.02
2	B	3	BMA	C1-O5-C5	2.60	115.71	112.19
3	C	1	NAG	O5-C5-C4	-2.32	105.17	110.83
3	C	1	NAG	C6-C5-C4	2.19	118.13	113.00
2	B	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.06	125.83	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

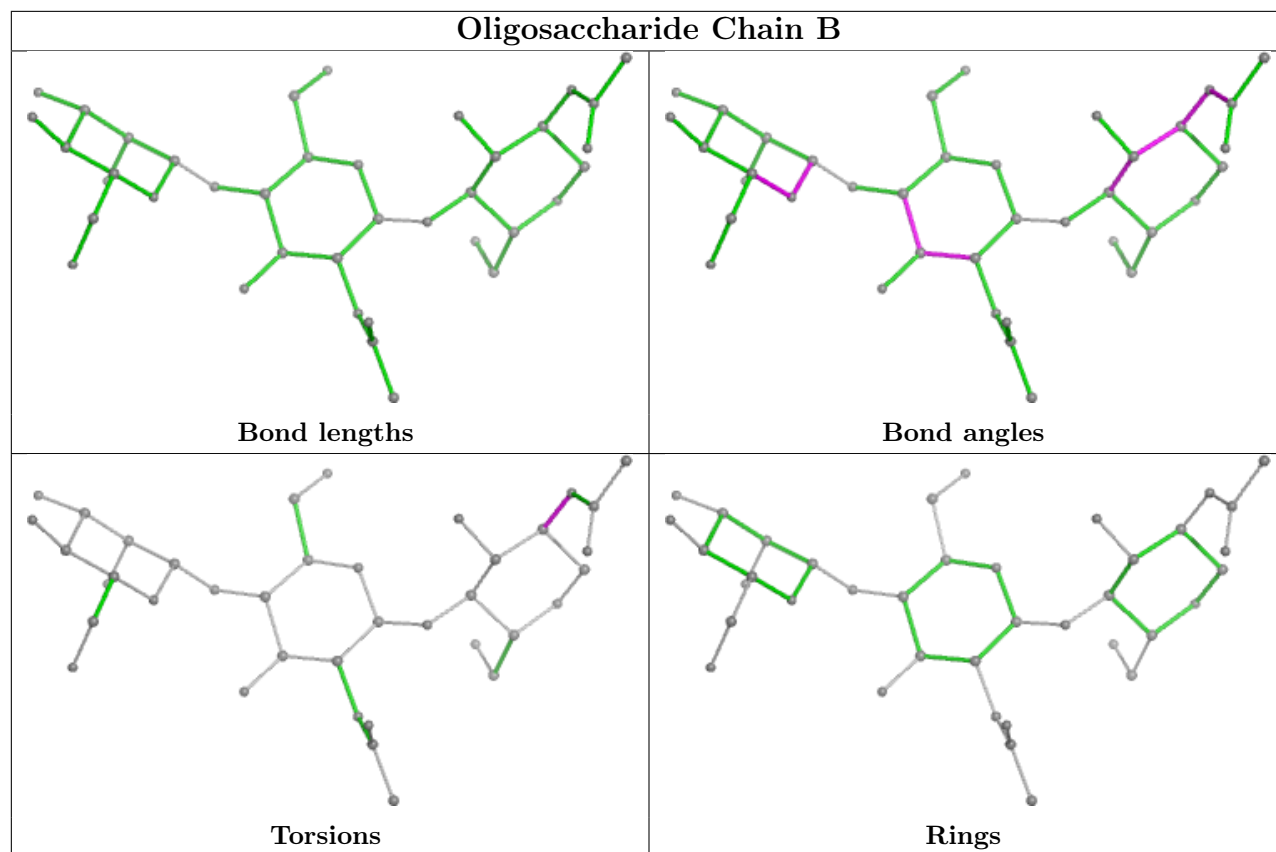
All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

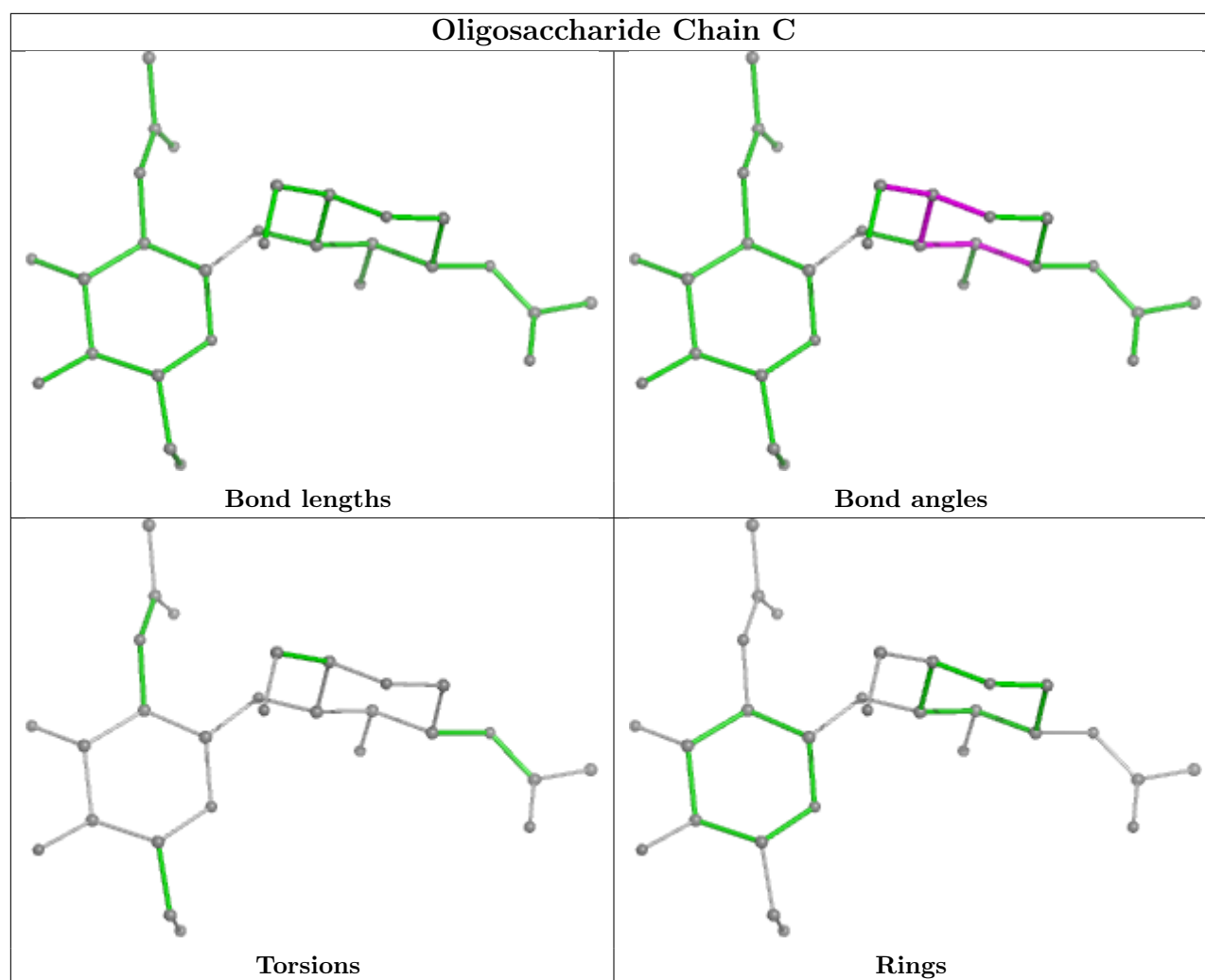
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	1	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 8 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 6 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
5	NAG	A	508	1	14,14,15	0.31	0	17,19,21	0.88	1 (5%)
6	EDO	A	510	-	3,3,3	0.31	0	2,2,2	0.65	0
6	EDO	A	511	-	3,3,3	0.50	0	2,2,2	1.53	0
6	EDO	A	513	-	3,3,3	0.33	0	2,2,2	0.09	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
6	EDO	A	512	-	3,3,3	0.70	0	2,2,2	0.66	0
5	NAG	A	509	1	14,14,15	0.37	0	17,19,21	0.95	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	A	508	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	EDO	A	510	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
6	EDO	A	511	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
6	EDO	A	513	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
6	EDO	A	512	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
5	NAG	A	509	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	A	509	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-2.57	106.11	110.49
5	A	508	NAG	O5-C5-C6	2.31	110.83	107.20

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	A	510	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2
6	A	511	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 7 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	A	510	EDO	1	0
6	A	511	EDO	4	0
6	A	513	EDO	1	0
6	A	512	EDO	1	0



## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	379/412 (91%)	0.49	30 (7%) 20 22	10, 20, 37, 81	16 (4%)

All (30) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	196	LEU	9.0
1	A	193	THR	6.9
1	A	367	GLY	6.4
1	A	368	GLY	5.0
1	A	366	THR	5.0
1	A	245	PHE	4.9
1	A	204	SER	4.7
1	A	194	ALA	4.5
1	A	192	ASP	4.3
1	A	191	PHE	4.2
1	A	258	ASN	4.1
1	A	257	ASN	4.0
1	A	206	THR	3.9
1	A	413	PRO	3.9
1	A	364	ALA	3.3
1	A	339	ASN	3.1
1	A	205	ASP	3.1
1	A	365	ASN	3.1
1	A	190	LEU	2.7
1	A	332	ARG	2.7
1	A	369	GLY	2.5
1	A	195	SER	2.5
1	A	249	LEU	2.4
1	A	208	THR	2.3
1	A	97	ASP	2.3
1	A	288	ILE	2.3
1	A	189	GLU	2.2

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	148	LEU	2.1
1	A	412	LYS	2.1
1	A	59	ASN	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

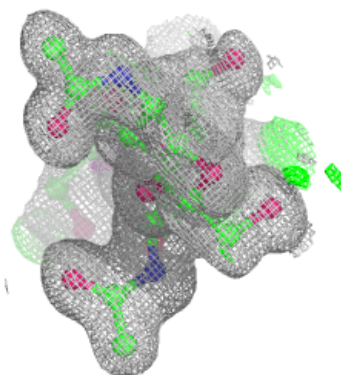
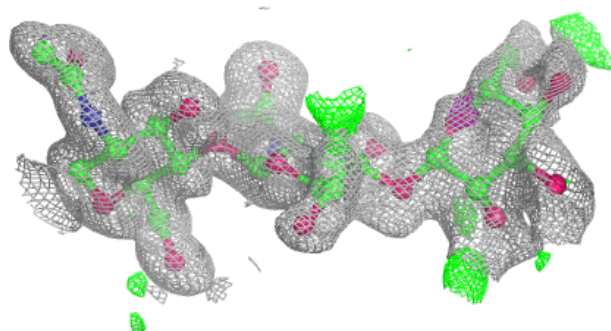
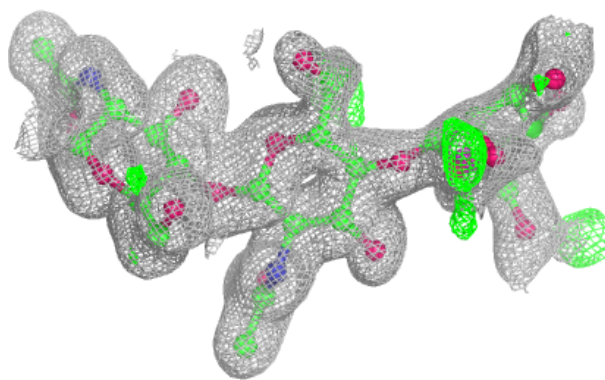
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	NAG	C	2	14/15	0.69	0.15	41,46,56,61	0
2	BMA	B	3	11/12	0.73	0.14	39,43,52,53	0
3	NAG	C	1	14/15	0.92	0.10	30,34,42,43	0
2	NAG	B	2	14/15	0.95	0.09	19,25,40,42	0
2	NAG	B	1	14/15	0.99	0.04	17,17,19,20	0

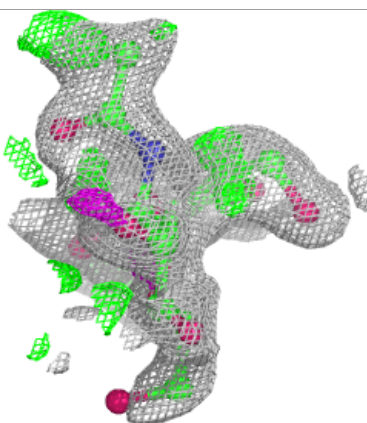
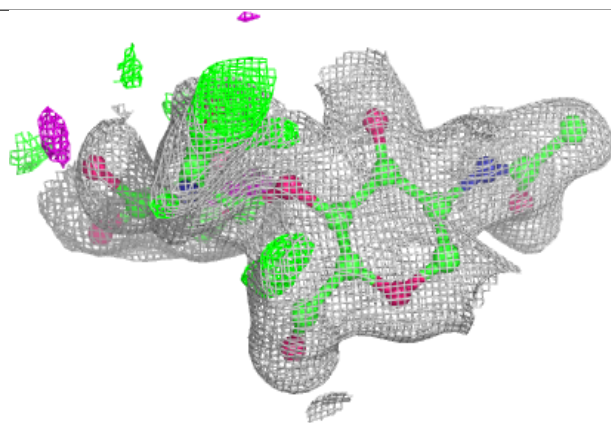
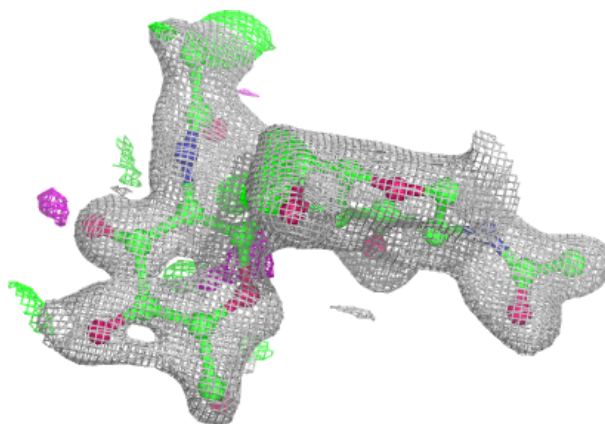
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

**Electron density around Chain B:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

**Electron density around Chain C:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
5	NAG	A	509	14/15	0.62	0.15	47,56,70,71	0
6	EDO	A	512	4/4	0.71	0.19	31,33,35,38	0
6	EDO	A	513	4/4	0.73	0.14	36,38,41,43	0
6	EDO	A	511	4/4	0.84	0.16	29,31,34,36	0
5	NAG	A	508	14/15	0.86	0.11	30,38,47,51	0
6	EDO	A	510	4/4	0.95	0.10	28,34,39,39	0
4	CA	A	501	1/1	1.00	0.03	13,13,13,13	1
4	CA	A	502	1/1	1.00	0.04	14,14,14,14	1

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.